109TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 3253

To study and improve the air quality inside school buses, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

July 12, 2005

Mr. Menendez (for himself, Mr. Owens, Mr. Grijalva, Mr. Stark, and Mr. Lipinski) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Education and the Workforce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To study and improve the air quality inside school buses, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Healthy School Bus
- 5 Act of 2005".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 The Congress finds as follows:

- (1) Although air pollution is a health hazard for people of all ages, children are potentially more vulnerable because their lungs are still developing and they breathe 50 percent more air per pound of body weight than adults.
 - (2) Diesel exhaust is considered to be a probable human carcinogen by the Environmental Protection Agency and the World Health Organization and contains a high concentration of fine particles and 40 compounds that are listed as hazardous air pollutants by the California Environmental Protection Agency.
 - (3) Fine particles from diesel exhaust have been implicated as a potential cause of heart disease, respiratory disease, and stroke.
 - (4) Diesel exhaust aggravates asthma, a disease that affects approximately 4.5 million American children in kindergarten through twelfth grade.
 - (5) Nearly 24 million children in the United States spend an average of an hour and a half each day in a school bus.
 - (6) Because of the protection school buses provide in the event of a crash, they are the safest way for children to travel to school.

- 1 (7) The Environmental Protection Agency's
 2 Clean School Bus USA program, designed to help
 3 school districts replace aging bus fleets or install
 4 pollution control equipment, received nearly \$60 mil5 lion in proposals, but could only award \$10 million
 6 in grants.
 - (8) Recent studies have indicated that the concentration of diesel exhaust inside a school bus can be considerably higher than in the ambient environment, and that some, if not most, of that pollution may be coming from the bus itself.
 - (9) Although activities designed to curtail emissions from the tailpipes of school buses appear to have a positive effect on the air quality inside the bus cabin, it is not clear how pollution enters the cabin or what the best strategies are for combating such pollution.

18 SEC. 3. STUDY OF AIR QUALITY INSIDE SCHOOL BUSES.

- (a) STUDY.—The Administrator of the Environ-mental Protection Agency shall—
- 21 (1) conduct a study on the air quality inside 22 school buses; and
- 23 (2) not later than 12 months after the date of 24 the enactment of this Act, submit a report to the 25 Congress on the results of such study.

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1	(b) Strategies.—The Administrator of the Envi-
2	ronmental Protection Agency shall—
3	(1) develop strategies for improving the air
4	quality inside school buses;
5	(2) conduct or support research to evaluate the
6	effectiveness of such strategies; and
7	(3) not later than 15 months after the date of
8	the enactment of this Act, submit a report to the
9	Congress describing such strategies and the results
10	of such research.
11	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is
12	authorized to be appropriated \$750,000 to carry out this
13	section.
14	SEC. 4. ADDITIONAL FUNDING FOR CLEAN SCHOOL BUS
15	USA PROGRAM.
16	There is authorized to be appropriated to the Admin-
17	istrator of the Environmental Protection Agency
18	\$55,000,000 for fiscal year 2006 and each subsequent fis-
19	cal year to carry out activities, including expansion of the
20	Clean School Bus USA program, to reduce the amount
21	of air pollution emitted by school buses and to improve
22	the air quality inside of school buses.
23	SEC. 5. SENSE OF CONGRESS.
24	It is the sense of the Congress that local educational

25 agencies and schools—

1	(1) should assign less polluting buses to the
2	longest school bus routes; and
3	(2) should adopt and implement policies to de-
4	crease school bus idling.

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